

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

IMAC™ HP333

Weak Acid Cation Exchange Resin

IMAC HP333 is a weak acid cation exchange resin containing carboxylic groups on an acrylic matrix. It combines a high exchange capacity with a smaller volume variation than conventional carboxylic resins.

IMAC HP333 is designed for cartridge applications where temporary hardness⁽¹⁾ is removed from tap water for use in cooking or making tea and coffee. It also removes heavy metals⁽¹⁾ and is widely used to improve the taste of water.

IMAC HP resins are manufactured specially for the nutrition industry and for potable water treatment.

IMAC HP333 is tested and certified against NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for material requirements only.

For other clearances please contact your Rohm and Haas sales office.

⁽¹⁾ Not performance tested or certified by a third party certifying body

PROPERTIES

Matrix _____	Polyacrylic
Functional groups _____	-COO ⁻
Physical form _____	Opaque beads
Ionic form as shipped _____	H ⁺
Total exchange capacity ^[1] _____	≥ 3.85 eq/L (H ⁺ form)
Moisture holding capacity ^[1] _____	52 to 58 % (H ⁺ form)
Specific gravity _____	1.140 to 1.180 (H ⁺ form)
Shipping weight _____	685 g/L
Particle size _____	
Uniformity coefficient _____	≤ 1.9
Harmonic mean size _____	0.500 – 0.700 mm
Fine contents ^[1] _____	< 0.300 mm : 0.5 % max
	< 0.400 mm : 10.0 % max
Coarse beads ^[1] _____	> 1.180 mm : 3.0 % max

^[1] Contractual value

Test methods available upon request

PERFORMANCE

IMAC HP333 will remove temporary hardness (bicarbonate alkalinity) from over 450 bedvolumes of tap water having 5 meq/L alkalinity (250 ppm as CaCO₃) and from 1100 bedvolumes having 2 meq/L alkalinity (100 ppm as CaCO₃). These volumes are indicated for an alkalinity leakage end point of 50 %.

QUALITY CONTROL

All Imac HP resins are manufactured and purified specially for use in non industrial applications. Every batch of IMAC HP333 is analysed to ensure its compliance with high purity specifications, in particular :

- Physical and chemical properties,
- Individual release of certain substances in the treated water,
- Global release of organic substances expressed in TOC (Total Organic Carbon),
- Total microbial count.

CONDITIONING

IMAC HP333 is ready to use* : when using a new cartridge for the first time, IMAC HP333 will comply with regulations after being rinsed with 20 bedvolumes of water i.e. two litres of water for a cartridge containing 100 ml of resin. These first two litres can be used for watering flower pots or discarded. Users will need to make no other treatment whatsoever.

Appropriate cartridge design will have to take care of maintaining the resin in a moist state and also of keeping contamination under control.

* This is valid only if :

1. the resin is stored at a temperature of less than 25°C and protected from UV radiations,
2. the storage time between production date (printed on the bags) and final use does not exceed 6 months.

All our products are produced in ISO 9001 certified manufacturing facilities.

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Ion exchange resins and polymeric adsorbents, as produced, contain by-products resulting from the manufacturing process. The user must determine the extent to which organic by-products must be removed for any particular use and establish techniques to assure that the appropriate level of purity is achieved for that use. The user must ensure compliance with all prudent safety standards and regulatory requirements governing the application. Except where specifically otherwise stated, Rohm and Haas does not recommend its ion exchange resins or polymeric adsorbents, as supplied, as being suitable or appropriately pure for any particular use. Consult your Rohm and Haas technical representative for further information. Acidic and basic regenerant solutions are corrosive and should be handled in a manner that will prevent eye and skin contact. Nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents can cause explosive type reactions when mixed with Ion Exchange resins. Proper design of process equipment to prevent rapid buildup of pressure is necessary if use of an oxidizing agent such as nitric acid is contemplated. Before using strong oxidizing agents in contact with Ion Exchange Resins, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of these materials.

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